### **COURSE OUTLINE**

### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

SCHOOL	MARITIME AN	D INDUSTRIAL	STUDIES	
DEPARTMENT	INDUSTRIAL MANAGEMENT AND TECHNOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDY	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE UNIT CODE	ΤΕΦΥΣ01-2 SEMESTER OF STUDY 1 <sup>st</sup>			st
COURSE TITLE	INTRODUCTION TO PHYSICAL SCIENCES			
INDEPENDENT TEAC	HING ACTIVITI	ES		
in case in which credits are awarded			WEEKLY	
of the course, e.g. in lectures, labor		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	TEACHING HOURS	S CREDITS
awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits				
Lectures		4	5.5	
Add rows if necessary. The organiza	Add rows if necessary. The organization of teaching and the			5.5
	teaching methods used are described in detail at section 4.			
COURSE TYPE General background				
general background,	-			
special background, specialized				
general knowledge, skills development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek			
and				
EXAMINATION/ASSESSMENT:				
THE COURSE IS OFFERED TO	No			
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://eclass.unipi.gr/courses/BDT229/			

### 2. LEARNING OUTCOMES

#### LEARNING OUTCOMES

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate (certain) level, which students will acquire upon successful completion of the course, are described in detail. It is necessary to consult:

APPENDIX A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications' cycle, according to the European Higher Education Area's Qualification Framework.
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and APPENDIX B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course is an introduction to physical sciences, scientific methodology and industrial production. The skills developed in the classroom are reinforced with case studies and exercises. The course consists of two (2) sections taught in parallel: section A' and section B'. Section A' introduces students to the basic concepts of chemical industrial production while Section B' presents vector calculus and kinematics.

The main objective of the course is to provide students with basic knowledge that will help them in the technological courses of the curriculum. In particular, the course aims to familiarize students with: (a) basic principles and calculations in chemical engineering; (b) methods for determining critical parameters of physical and chemical processes to be used in modeling; (c) applying vectorial calculus to solving kinematics problems; (d) basic knowledge in curvilinear and relative motion.

Upon successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

• Solve mass balance problems in physical and chemical processes

٠	Use basic principles of chemical thermodynamics - kinetic
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- Solve chemical equilibrium problems
- Use basic methods (computational and physical simulation) to study electrochemical systems
- Use vector calculus in the analysis of dynamic systems
- Solve curvilinear and relative motion problems by vector analysis
- Use models for basic industrial processes

#### **General Competences**

Taking into consideration the general competences that students/graduates must acquire (as those are described in the Diploma Supplement and are mentioned below), at which of the following does the course attendance aims Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and Project planning and management information, by the use of technologies that are Respect for difference and multiculturalism necessary according the case Environmental awareness Adapting to new situations Social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to Decision-making gender issues Independent work Critical consciousness, criticism and self-criticism Team work Development of free, creative and inductive thinking Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Introduction of innovative research

- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, by the use of technologies that are necessary according the case
- Adapting to new situations
- Decision-making
- Independent work
- Respect for difference and multiculturalism
- Social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

# 2. COURSE CONTENT

The course includes Sections A' and B'.

Section A': Basic concepts of chemical production.

Week	Topics
1 <sup>st</sup>	Introduction: physical and chemical processes, concentration expressions, dilution-concentration of solutions, mixing solutions.
2 <sup>nd</sup>	Chemical reactions: homogeneous and heterogeneous systems, collision theory, stoichiometric factors, simple reactions, overall reaction, endothermic and exothermic reactions.
3 <sup>rd</sup>	Chemical kinetics: rate of raw materials conversion to products, 1st order reactions, speed of reaction, rate constant.
4 <sup>th</sup>	Calysis and energy optimization: kinetic equation , Arrhenius equation, activation energy.
5 <sup>th</sup>	Hydrogen potential (pH) of aqueous solutions: self-ionization of water, pH and pOH, pH scale.
6 <sup>th</sup>	Chemical equilibrium: one-way and reversible equations, reaction yield, equilibrium constant.
7 <sup>th</sup>	Chemical equilibrium and technoeconomic optimization.
8 <sup>th</sup>	Mass balance: general balance equations, development of equations, problem solving.
9 <sup>th</sup>	Mass balances applications in simple and complex systems with and without chemical reactions.
10 <sup>th</sup>	Electrochemistry: metal dissolution tendency, electrochemical reactions, electrolysis, Faraday's laws.

11 <sup>th</sup>	Corrosion: the phenomenon of corrosion, chemical reactions, model development, anticorrosion protective systems for metal surfaces.	
12 <sup>th</sup>	Thermodynamic study of chemical reactions: heat of reactions, Lavoiser-Laplace's law, Hess's law, heat of formation of species, combustion.	
13 <sup>th</sup>	Review exercises	

Section B': Vector and Dynamics.

Week	Topics	
1 <sup>st</sup>	Basic vector calculus: vectors, scalars, fields.	
2 <sup>nd</sup>	Algebraic operations: addition and subtraction of vectors, equal vectors, examples and applications.	
3 <sup>rd</sup>	Vector analysis, examples and applications.	
4 <sup>th</sup>	Inner (dot) product, cross product, vector cross product, vector projection.	
5 <sup>th</sup>	Advanced applications of vector calculus.	
6 <sup>th</sup>	Dynamics: introductory concepts of kinematics and kinetics.	
7 <sup>th</sup>	Particle dynamics, example and applications.	
8 <sup>th</sup>	Motion of a rigid body, translational motion equations.	
9 <sup>th</sup>	Velocity and acceleration, applications in rectilinear and circular motion.	
10 <sup>th</sup>	Velocity and acceleration, applications in curvilinear motion.	
$11^{th}$	Relative motion: examples and applications.	
12 <sup>th</sup>	Advanced applications.	
13 <sup>th</sup>	Review exercises.	

In addition, articles, audiovisual lecture material, web addresses, useful information and exercises are posted at eclass.

### 3. TEACHING METHODS - ASSESSMENT

TEACHING MODE	In-class lecturing	
Face-to-face, in-class lecturing, on distance teaching and distance learning etc.		
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Teaching: Lectures with audi	ovisual media, support of the
COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY	<b>Teaching:</b> Lectures with audiovisual media, support of the learning process through the eclass platform	
Use of ICT in Teaching, Laboratory Education, Communication with students	<b>Communication with students</b> email, eclass	-
COURSE DESIGN	Activity / Method	Semester Workload
Description of teaching techniques, practices	Lectures	52
and methods: Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Study of bibliography	14
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,	Exercises	31
tutorials, clinical practice, Art Workshop, Interactive teaching, Educational visits, project, Essay writing, Artistic creativity, etc.	Self-study of lecture and material and exercises	38
	Counselling	0.5
	Exams (written)	2
The study hours for each learning activity as well as the hours of non- directed study are given according to the principles of the ECTS	Course Total	137.5
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	Language of exams: Greek	
EVALUATION/ASSESSMENT		
<b>METHODS</b> Detailed description of the evaluation procedures: Language of evaluation, assessment methods, formative or summative (conclusive), multiple choice questionnaires, short- answer questions,	Assessment Methods: After the last lecture, the exam material is posted at eclass. The final course grade is formed by the written exams (50% from Section A' and 50% from Section B') taken in the examination period of the winter semester and, in case of failure, in the September resits.	

open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, Essay/report, oral exam, public presentation, laboratory work, art interpretation, otheretc	The written examination includes problem solving / exercises. It is conducted with open books.
Evaluation criteria are specifically defined and given as well as if and where they are reported and accessible to students.	The evaluation of students with special learning difficulties in writing and reading (as certified and qualified by a competent institution) is performed according to the relevant procedure decided by the Department Assembly.
	Notification of the Assessment Criteria: The evaluation criteria are made known during the first lecture and are clearly stated on the course website and e-class. The answers to the exam questions are posted at eclass after the exam date. Students have the opportunity to discuss their exam paper with the course instructor (at the posted office hours) after the announcement of the course grades.

# 4. SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

-Suggested Bibliography :

- Book [18549047]: Chemical Processes in Chemical Technology [in Greek], A.T. Sdoukos, F.I. Pomonis
- -Scientific Journals: not applicable
- -Lecture Notes